

Отримано: 16 червня 2023 р.

Прорецензовано: 20 липня 2023 р.

Прийнято до друку: 1 серпня 2023 р.

e-mail: languaget2t@gmail.com

ORCID ID: <https://orcid.org/0000-0002-6551-2248>ORCID ID: <https://orcid.org/0000-0003-0406-2615>

DOI: 10.25264/2519-2558-2023-18(86)-76-78

Podoliak Z. R., Puga O. O., Kinash L. Ya. Peculiarities of implementation of the category of quality by means of adverbs with the suffix *-ly*. *Наукові записки Національного університету «Острозька академія»: серія «Філологія»*. Острог : Вид-во НаУОА, 2023. Вип. 18(86). С. 76–78.

УДК: 8.81'33

**Zoriana Podoliak,**Associate Professor of the Department of Foreign Languages,  
Ukrainian National Forestry University**Oksana Puga,**Lecturer of the Department of Foreign Languages,  
Lviv Polytechnic National University**Lesia Kinash,**Associate Professor of the Department of English Philology,  
Lviv Ivan Franko National University**PECULIARITIES OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE CATEGORY  
OF QUALITY BY MEANS OF ADVERBS WITH THE SUFFIX *-LY***

The article is devoted to the study of structural-syntactic, semantic and stylistic features of qualitative adverbs with the suffix *-ly*, which express the category of quality in a literary text, from the point of cognitive linguistics. The main syntactic models and their speech implementation variants have been established, the peculiarities of the language implementation of the quality category have been determined with the help of adverbs under analysis on the example of a literary text as well as their stylistic shades of meaning.

Numerous examples confirm the fact that adverbs are characterized by considerable semantic and stylistic flexibility, active functioning and their ability to enrich expressive means of the language. Performing their own semantic and stylistic functions in the speech process, they develop certain qualities of other words, verbs in particular, introducing new shades of meaning, emphasizing their functional capabilities.

As a result of the conducted research, objective data have been obtained regarding the peculiarities of the implementation of the language category of quality by using adverbs with the suffix *-ly*, taking into account the dichotomy «language-speech», which made it possible to learn and analyze the systemic and specific-individual characteristics of the use of the studied units. Models have been established that represent the peculiarities of the implementation of the studied category and the prospects for the further research of the functional potential of qualitative adverbs have been outlined.

The central model for all studied adverbs was the *V+Adv* model which carries a significant communicative meaning in relation to the marked verb. Semantic groups of verbs have been distinguished, the most numerous are considered to be verbs of speech (68%) and verbs of movement (32%).

**Key words:** qualitative adverbs with the suffix *-ly*, category of quality, syntactic model, implementation variant, stylistic shade of meaning.

**Подоляк Зоряна Романівна,**

доцент кафедри іноземних мов,

Національний лісотехнічний університет України

**Пуґа Оксана Олексіївна,**

викладач кафедри іноземних мов,

Національний університет «Львівська політехніка»

**Кінаш Леся Ярославівна,**

доцент кафедри англійської філології, Львівський національний університет

**ОСОБЛИВОСТІ РЕАЛІЗАЦІЇ КАТЕГОРІЇ ЯКОСТІ  
ЗА ДОПОМОГОЮ ПРИСЛІВНИКІВ ІЗ СУФІКСОМ *-LY***

Стаття присвячена вивченню структурно - синтаксичних, семантичних та стилістичних особливостей якісних прислівників із суфіксом *-ly*, що виражають категорію якості в художньому тексті, з позицій когнітивної лінгвістики. Було встановлено основні синтаксичні моделі та їх мовленнєві реалізаційні варіанти, визначено особливості мовної реалізації категорії якості за допомогою досліджуваних одиниць на прикладі художнього твору та їх стилістичне навантаження.

Численні приклади підтверджують той факт, що прислівники характеризуються значною семантико-стилістичною гнучкістю, активним функціонуванням та здатністю збагачувати виразові засоби мови. Виконуючи в процесі мовлення свої власні семантико-стилістичні функції, вони разом з тим значною мірою розвивають певні якості інших слів, зокрема дієслів, вносять нові відтінки значень, увиразнюють їх функціональні можливості.

В результаті проведеного дослідження отримано об'єктивні дані стосовно особливостей реалізації мовної категорії якості за допомогою прислівників із суфіксом *-ly* з урахуванням дихотомії «мова-мовлення», що дозволило пізнати та проаналізувати системно-нормативні й специфічно-індивідуальні характеристики вживання досліджуваних одиниць. Було встановлено моделі, що репрезентують особливості реалізації досліджуваної категорії в синтаксичному плані, визначено їх системний характер та окреслено перспективи подальшого дослідження функціонального потенціалу якісних прислівників.

Центральною для всіх досліджуваних прислівників моделлю ядерної зони виявилася модель *V+Adv*, що несе значне комуникативне навантаження по відношенню до означуваного дієслова. Нами було зафіксовано 10 семантичних груп дієслів, найбільш чисельними виявилися дієслова мовлення (68%) та дієслова руху (32%).

**Ключові слова:** якісні прислівники із суфіксом *-ly*, категорія якості, синтаксична модель, реалізаційний варіант, стилістичне навантаження.

**Formulation of the problem and justification of the relevance of its consideration.** There are different views on the problem of stylistic functioning of adverbs in modern linguistics. A number of native linguists admit that adverbs, unlike other parts of the language, do not carry a tangible stylistic potential, while another group of scientists pays special attention to this morphological category, emphasizing the original stylistic functions they perform, since adverbs are characterized by significant semantic and stylistic flexibility, specific functioning and the ability to enrich the expressive means of the language. Performing their semantic and stylistic functions in the utterance, they at the same time significantly develop certain qualities of other words, phrases and sentences, introduce new shades of meaning and emphasize their functional capabilities.

**Analysis of recent studies and publications.** Native researchers O. V. Vasylenko, O. M. Torosian, L. M. Kotsiuk, N. I. Lopatiuk, H. V. Gikova, M. Ya. Fenko have made a significant contribution to solving the problem outlined above. Ya. Yu. Hrynchenko, E. Ye. Mintsis studied the literary genre of Daniela Steel's romance novel, in which the relationship between the characters is depicted against the background of historical events which adds drama to the portrayal of characters. However, some aspects are still remained unsolved by researchers, particularly, adverbs with the suffix *-ly* as a means of linguistic expression of the category of quality, the problem of establishing their categorial status as well semantic, syntactic and functional characteristics.

The purpose of this study is to reveal the structural, syntactic, semantic and stylistic peculiarities of adverbs with the suffix *-ly* as a means of linguistic expression of the category of quality.

The relevance of the topic is due to the focus on establishing the peculiarities of qualitative adverbs with the suffix *-ly*, which are of significant importance for identifying the specific features of the formation of the category of quality, expressed by linguistic units under analysis as well as the reproduction of information about the perception and knowledge of the qualifying relations between the action and its features.

Achieving the set goal involves solving the following tasks: - to determine the main approaches to the problem of determining the categorial status of adverbs with the suffix *-ly*; - to establish typical structures of the linguistic category of quality expressed by qualitative adverbs with the suffix *-ly*; - to reveal the semantic and stylistic potential of the adverbs under analysis.

The object of the study is qualitative adverbs with the suffix *-ly*, which represent the category of quality in Daniela Steele's novel "Sisters". The subject of the study is the structural - syntactic, semantic and stylistic peculiarities of qualitative adverbs with the suffix *-ly*.

The material of the research is a corpus of 295 qualitative adverbs, obtained by the method of continuous sampling from the text of Daniela Steel's novel "Sisters".

The following methods of linguistic analysis are used to solve the outlined tasks: - the quantitative-statistical analysis method made it possible to establish the frequency of usage of qualitative adverbs, the main constituents of the models in which they occur; - the method of positional analysis made it possible to determine the position of the investigated units in relation to other units and structural parts of the text;

- the method of structural modeling was used to establish structural models with qualitative adverbs.

The scientific novelty of the obtained results lies in the fact that objective data on the peculiarities of the implementation of the language category of quality by means of adverbs with the suffix *-ly*, taking into account the "language-speech" dichotomy. Basic models were established that represent the peculiarities of the implementation of the studied category and future prospects of the study of the functional potential of qualitative adverbs were outlined.

The theoretical significance of the study is determined by the fact that its results are a concrete contribution to the study of language units within the framework of the theory of functional analysis.

**Presentation of the main research material.** Qualitative adverbs with the suffix *-ly* are one of the means of qualitative characterization of the action, the vast majority of which appear in the sentence structure as constituents of syntactic models built according to the scheme "verb - qualitative adverb with the suffix *-ly*". The language category of quality expressed by the studied qualitative adverbs with the suffix *-ly* is the structural model that expresses the objective existing relationship between the action and its qualitative characteristics and is at the intersection of the categories of quality and evaluation. With the help of these structures, knowledge is transmitted about the regularly repeated realization of the language category of quality (Fenko, 2009: 15).

Such lexical models reproduce the specific characteristics of the world of the main characters of the novel. It should be emphasized that the literary style of Daniella Steel is characterized by a high degree of variability of syntactic models with qualitative adverbs with the suffix *-ly*, which is explained by the desire of the author of the novel to express her own vision of the qualitative characteristics of the action. Adverbs with the suffix *-ly* represent varieties of the general meaning of quality, modifying the entire speech act, drawing the attention of the recipient to the fact that the revealed information is purely the author's subjective vision of the situation (Lopatiuk, 2005:12).

In our article, we support the point of view of linguists who consider qualitative adverbs with the suffix *-ly* as multifunctional units, taking into account the dichotomy "language - speech", which allowed us to analyze the typical and specific-individual characteristics of the use of the studied units. At the same time, it is necessary to take into account the fact that qualitative adverbs with the suffix *-ly* act as a means of expressing the linguistic category of quality, being the qualitative determination of the depicted object or person.

One of the tasks of the research was to establish syntactic models which were grouped into blocks, each of which is a set of implementation variants of the corresponding basic model.

The following basic syntactic models and their variants with the studied adverbs have been distinguished. The basic model (V/ Adv) is the most numerous group as can be seen from the following examples: *recognize easily/immediately/ indulge occasionally/ say simply/ cynically, remember correctly/ believe profoundly/ ask hopefully/ contrasted sharply/ work (out) legally/ perfectly, sleep soundly/ shake miserably/ sit majestically/ groggily, etc.*

The above-mentioned basic model is implemented in the following variants:

1) **V+Pr+Adv:** *look at him directly in the eyes/ reassure herself silently/kiss him reassuringly, etc.* 2) **V+N+Adv:** *glance at her letters briefly/ make noises occasionally/ find a parking space easily/ disappear into the sunset prematurely, etc.* 3) **Adv+V:** *cheerfully said/ thoroughly/ innocently enjoying/ immediately backed off, etc.* The verb "say" deserves special attention which is the

most frequently used in the novel under analysis: *quietly/sadly/lightly/brightly/honestly/ respectfully/ bluntly/cautiously/blithely/victoriously/wistfully/* and many others which vividly give the qualitative description of the speech process.

4) **V +Adv+Adj**: *be finely carved/ financially independent /mildly annoyed/ astonishingly humble/ killed instantly/ desperately frightened/ severely brain-damaged, etc.* 5) **V+Adv+N**: *had been done in an orderly way, etc.* 6) **V+N+Adv+Adv**: *fell on the floor suddenly, brutally, etc.* 7) **Adv+Adj+N**: *ridiculously light weight/ absurdly spoiled toy/ gigantically tall five-year old/ infinitely delicate surgery/ cowardly little shit, etc.* 8) **Modal+Adv+V**: *could easily have lied/couldn't hear the doorbell clearly, etc.*

The analysis of the frequency of usage of syntactic models allows us to choose the typical structures, the central model of the nuclear zone for all studied adverbs is the **V+Adv** model, the frequency of which is 65% of the studied material, and for the verb "said", this coefficient is almost 78%. The model with the position of the adverb before the verb (**Adv+V**) is also included in the nuclear zone. This is explained by the fact that the characteristic of the action expressed by adverbs carries a significant communicative meaning, and therefore is in the right-hand position, where, in contrast to the left-hand position in relation to the indicated verb, the probability of partial reduction of the lexical meaning of the adverb with an emphasis on actions is much lower.

Belonging of verbs to a certain semantic class allows us to determine 10 semantic groups of verbs, which include: 1) verbs of speech: *'That shouldn't be a problem', the agent said matter-of-factly' [137]*; 2) mental activity: *'Candy still had the same values she'd been brought with and believed in them profoundly' [7]*; 3) verbs of motion: *'Annie cruised through the room unsuspectingly' [182]*; 4) state verbs: *'They saw her sobbing uncontrollably as they held her' [146]*; 5) perception: *'It took two more incidents for Annie to learn how to deal constructively with being blind' [183]*; 6) contact: *'Annie was already instinctively adjusting to her disability [165]*; 7) comparative meaning: *"That may improve slightly over time, but only very slightly" [144]*; 8) judgment: *'Charlie dumping her summarily, supposedly for someone else' [173]*; 9) desire: *'Sabrina didn't want to be the cause of his disappearing into the sun prematurely [89]*; 10) characteristics: *'I think it's worth a try for Annie, Sabrina said stubbornly' [103]*.

**Conclusions and prospects of further scientific investigations.** Summarizing the mentioned above, it can be stated that adverbs with the suffix -ly express a qualitative feature of an action or state and mostly perform the function of adverbial modifier of attendant circumstances, predicative and modality in a sentence. They are characterized by semantic and stylistic flexibility, active functioning and significant expressiveness of speech. It has been confirmed that qualitative adverbs with the suffix -ly act as a lexical means of expressing the linguistic category of quality, which is considered to be a qualitative determination of the depicted object or person. The central model of the nuclear zone for all studied adverbs is the **V+Adv** model which carries a significant communicative meaning in relation to the marked verb. The disclosure of the functional potential of adverbs with the suffix -ly and the determination of their place in the system of language expressive means can be a perspective for further scientific research.

#### Література:

1. Лопатюк Н.І. Якісні прислівники на -ly в лінгвокогнітивному аспекті: автореф. дис. К., 2005. 24 с.
2. Фенко М. Я. Функціонально-категорійні параметри прикметника та прислівника в семантико-синтаксичній структурі речення: автореф. дис. Луцьк, 2009. 20 с.
3. Danielle Steel. Sisters. London, 2007. 341 p.

#### References:

1. Lopatyuk N.I. (2005) Yakisni pryslivnyky na -ly v lnhvokohnityvnomu aspekti [Qualitative adverbs in -ly in the linguistic-cognitive aspect]. Kyiv
2. Fenko M. Ya. (2009) Funktsionalno-katehoriyni parametry prykmetyka ta pryslivnyka v semantyko-syntaktychniy strukturі rechennya [Functional-categorical parameters of an adjective and an adverb in the semantic-syntactic structure of a sentence] [in Ukrainian]
3. Danielle Steel. Sisters [in English]